



EFCNI in a nutshell

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EFCNI's fields of activity



Preconception and maternal care

- Effective prevention
- Equitable, high-quality healthcare



Treatment and care

- Improvement of treatment and care for newborns
- Support for their families



Continuing care

- Improvement of long-term health of preterm babies and ill newborns
- Psychological, socio-pedagogical and financial support for children and families

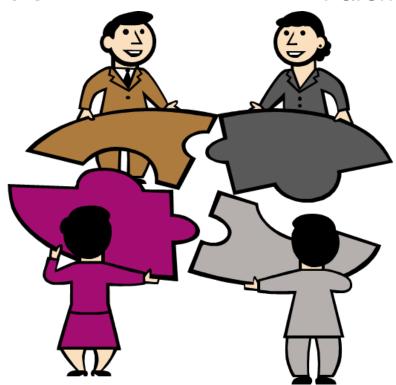


EFCNI's philosophy – working together

Policy makers

Parent Organisations

Industry



Third parties

Media/ Marketing Professionals/ Scientists



EFCNI – a powerful and growing network for maternal and newborn care





- Supranational organisations (WHO, ...)

- European institutions, EMA, G7 prep. conf,...

EFCNI – a neutral platform and partner combining forces



meetings and health projects

Knowledge and information sharing

Driving system and mind changes

EFCNI – a strong and valued "brand"











1 baby in 10 is born premature. Worldwide.







EF©NI

Fostering common communication:

(Licenced) material, toolkits and multiple communication channels

Building one strong international voice

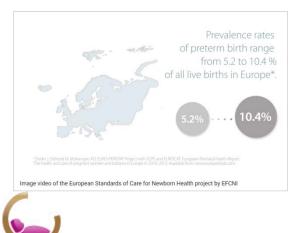
Raising awareness on preterm birth topics

Maximum outreach to target groups

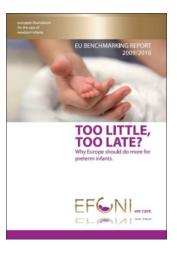


Europeristat – How do we use the data?

- Benchmark report
- White Paper
- Press releases
- Communication activities around World Prematurity Day
- When we are approached from journalists, etc. → refer to Europeristat
- EFCNI homepage
- Meetings with politicians and other stakeholders
- Parent organisations → benchmarking with other countries, contacts with local politicians

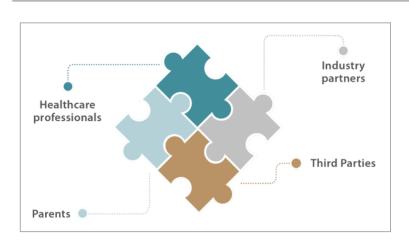


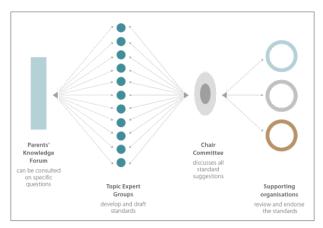






European Standards of Care for Newborn Health project







> 100 Standards in 11 topics





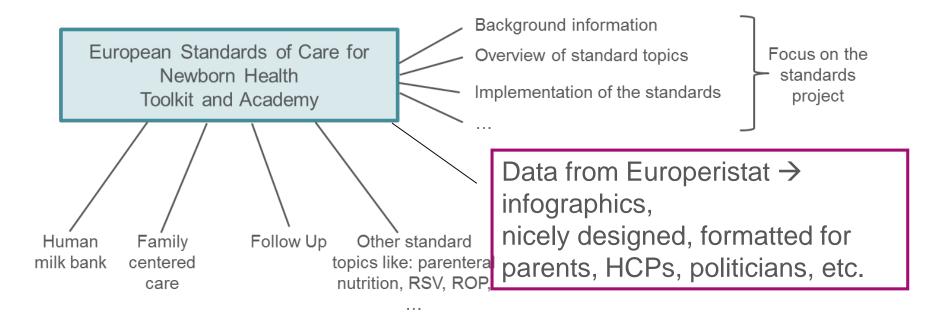




Nutrition

European Standards of Care for Newborn Health project

- Finalisation stage of the project
- Launch of the standards on 28 November 2018 in Brussels
- → next step implementation





Example for infographic





40 WEEKS

before 37 weeks of gestation.

DEPENDING ON THE LENGTH OF PREGNANCY, IT IS DIFFERENTIATED:

extremely preterm: less than 28 weeks of pregnancy

28 to 31 weeks of pregnancy

Moderate to late preterm baby: 32 - 37 weeks of pregnancy











is the main cause of death under 5 years

Babies born preterm face higher risks of poorer long-term neurodevelopmental outcomes

e.g. cerebral palsy, visual and hearing impairments and mortality







THE EARLIER a baby is born THE HIGHER is the risk for poorer long-term outcomes not every
preterm born baby has a poor long-term outcome







EFCNI's next project: ICHOM project – measuring health outcomes for preterm infants



Create a set of **reference standards**. Implementation of these standards will help improving the care of preterm/ ill newborn infants



Defining global outcome standards that really matter to patients.

They can be used to measure if the implementation of the standards has improved the outcome of infants

- Patients are directly involved in defining the Standard Set
- Patient-reported outcomes are included in every Standard Set to capture symptom burden, functional status and health-related quality of life
- Time points and sources of data collection are clearly defined to ensure comparability of results

Thank you for your attention!

EFCNI European Foundation for the Care of Newborn Infants

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