Availability of core perinatal indicators in European countries

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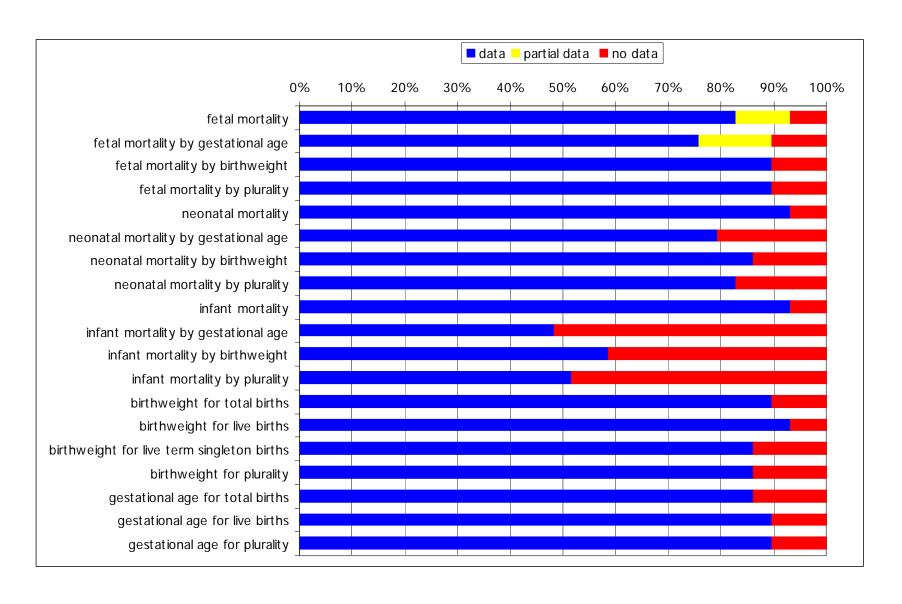
2004 Data

- 25 EU member states and Norway participated
- Belgium provided data separately for regions Brussels and Flanders
- Data from United Kingdom were submitted separately for Scotland and Northern Ireland and combined for England and Wales
- Data from 29 countries/regions were analysed

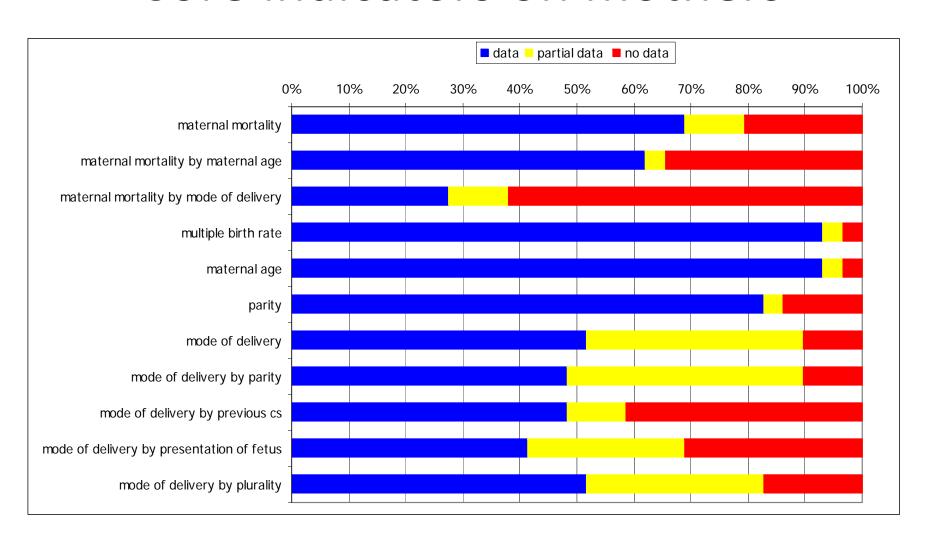
Availability of core indicators

2004

Core indicators on babies



Core indicators on mothers



Availability of core indicators?

2010

2010 Data

- Participants:
 - 27 EU member states
 - Norway, Iceland and Switzerland
- Belgium:
 - Brussels, Flanders and Wallonia
- United Kingdom:
 - separately for Scotland and Northern Ireland
 - combined for England and Wales
- Spain:
 - national data or data for Valencia region
 - separately for Catalonia
- Data from 35 countries/regions are collected

Data collection procedure

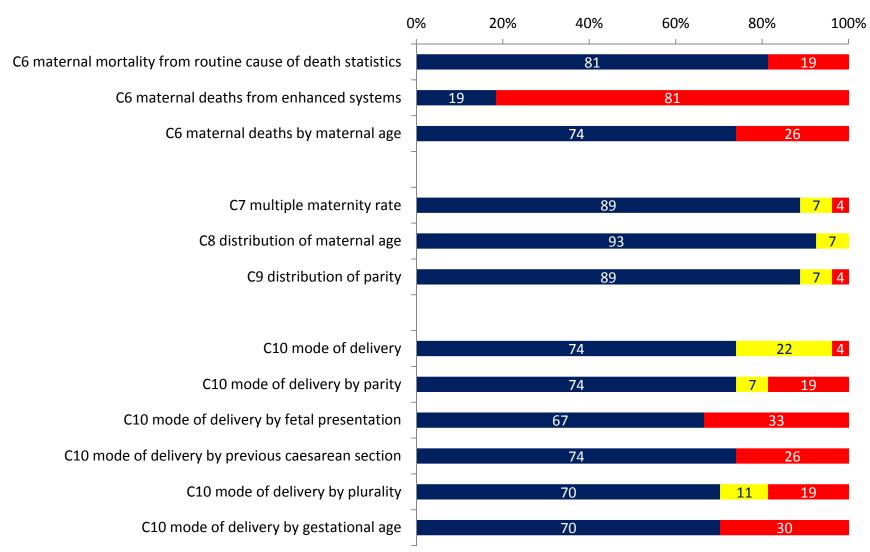
- Data collection instrument was adjusted
 - CO Registration of births and deaths
 - C1 TOP
 - C2 and C3 annual and cohort deaths
 - C4 mean birth weight
 - C5 best obstetrical estimate
 - C6 data collected for 5 consecutive years
 - C6 routine cause of death statistics and enhanced systems
 - C6 maternal death by mode of delivery was excluded
 - C10 mode of delivery by gestational age

Core data availability

- Preliminary results does not include data from
 - Bulgaria
 - Denmark
 - Greece
 - Slovak Republic
 - Spain: Catalonia
 - UK: England and Wales
 - UK: Northern Ireland
 - Iceland
- Preliminary results refer to 27 countries/regions







Conclusions

- Good availability of core perinatal indicators
 - neonatal health
 - characteristics of childbearing women
- Missing information on
 - TOP and cohort deaths
 - Infant deaths by birth characteristics
 - Maternal deaths from enhanced systems
 - Mode of delivery

